REINVESTIGATION ON THE FERN <u>OLEANDRA MERIFOLIA</u>: ISOLATION OF A NEW TRITERPENE 29-ETHOXYHOPANE.

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In 1967, Pandey and Mitra reported the isolation of a new triterpenealcohol, nerifolial 1 from Oleandra nerifolia. Further investigation of the same source by us led to the isolation of a new triterpene, 29-ethoxyhopane 2, along with filicene, nerifolial 1 and β -sitosterol.

The neutral part of the benzene extract of the rhizomes of Oleandra nerifolia on extensive chromatography followed by fractional crystallisation afforded the new triterpene 29-ethoxyhopane 2, $C_{32}H_{56}^{0}$, m.p. $189-80^{\circ}$, (<)_D 27.16° , nujol 1105 cm⁻¹, which gave a positive LB but negative TNM test. The PMR spectrum (80 MH₂) showed signals between 80.7 to 0.95 (seven CH₃ groups) and a broad multiplet in the region 82.8 to 3.6 (4H) indicating the presence of an ether linkage. The mass spectrum of 2 showed prominent peaks at m/e 456($^{+}$), 441 ($^{+}$ CH₃), 411($^{+}$ CCH₂CH₃), 396 ($^{+}$ CH₃-OCH₂CH₃), 369 ($^{+}$ CH₂CCH₂CCH₃), 235, CH₃ 204, 191, 175 and 147. On the basis of all the above observations, along with the occurrence of 2 in the plant with 1, it was suggested that 2 contained a hopane type of nucleus with an ethoxy group in the isopropyl side chain.

A detailed study of the PMR spectra (80 MH_Z) with plot expansion and decoupling at 61.175 (-0CH₂CH₃) and 61.75 (H on C-22) confirmed the presence of the grouping $CH_2-O_2-CH_3$ in 2.

Nerifoliol 1 on refluxing with potassium metal and ethyl iodide in benzene^{2,3} was converted into its ethyl ether 2, identical with the newtriterpene 2 isolated from 0. nerifolia. By the way, dryocrassol $\frac{3}{2}$ was similarly converted into its ethyl ether $\frac{1}{2}$, m.p. $\frac{148-50^{\circ}}{148-50^{\circ}}$, $\frac{110}{148-50^{\circ}}$ which was

found to be different from 2 isolated from 0.nerifolia. Furthermore, the new triterpene 2 on treatment with anhydrous ferric chloride in ethyl acetateacetic anhydride mixture was converted into nerifoliol acetate 5. The new triterpene 2, being structurally related to nerifoliol 1 (possessing 22-R configuration 2) possesses 22-R configuration. Thus the structure 2 was proposed for the new triterpene and it was named as 29-ethoxyhopane. Simple ethyl ethers are rare in nature and 2 is the first example of such compounds in ferns.

1, $R_1 = CH_2OH$, $R_2 = CH_3$.

 $R_2 = CH_2OH.$

 $\frac{2}{2}$, $R_1 = CH_2OCH_2CH_3$, $R_2 = CH_3$. $\frac{3}{4}$, $R_1 = CH_3$, $R_2 = CH_2O$ $\frac{4}{4}$, $R_1 = CH_3$, $R_2 = CH_2O$ $R_2 = CH_2OCH_2CH_3$.

 $R_1 = CH_2OCOCH_3, R_2 = CH_3.$

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